A simultaneous equation, or a system of equations, is a group of more than one equation and more than one variable. The problems we will solve now have two equations and two variables.

We have two main methods of solving a system of two equations and two unknowns. The two methods are substitution and elimination (or linear combination).

Solving by substitution:

Example: Solve the following simultaneous equations by substitution.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& y=\frac{2}{3} x-1 \\
& y=-\frac{2}{3} x+3
\end{aligned}
$$

Solving by elimination:

Example: Solve the following system of equations by elimination.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 x+3 y=9 \\
& -2 x+3 y=-3
\end{aligned}
$$

We can also look at the graphs of these two equations. Draw the graphs of these two lines and find where they intersect.
$2 x+3 y=9$
$-2 x+3 y=-3$


Solve the following simultaneous equations:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 7 x-4 y=11 \\
& x-4 y=5
\end{aligned}
$$

Solve the following system of equations:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& -11 x-y=-9 \\
& -14 x-3 y=-8
\end{aligned}
$$

Solve the following simultaneous equations using substitution:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& y=9-x \\
& 2 x+3 y=21
\end{aligned}
$$

Solution: $(6,3)$

Solve the following system of equations using linear combination:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3 x+2 y=7 \\
& 2 x-5 y=11
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\text { Solution: }(3,-1)
$$

Solve the following simultaneous equations:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 5 a=7 b-7 \\
& a-b=1
\end{aligned}
$$

Solution: $(7,6)$

Solve the following simultaneous equations:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 x-3 y=4 \\
& 4(x-2)=6 y
\end{aligned}
$$

Solution: Every
point on the line

$$
2 x-3 y=4 \text { is a }
$$

solution

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3 x-y=2 \\
& 6 x-8=2 y
\end{aligned}
$$

Solution: No Solutions

Solve the following simultaneous equations:

$$
\begin{align*}
& 2 d=c-4 \\
& 3 c-6=9 d \tag{8,2}
\end{align*}
$$

Solve the following system of equations using whatever method you choose:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x+2 y=3 \\
& 4 y+16=-2 x
\end{aligned}
$$

Solution: No Solutions

Solve the following system of equations using whatever method you choose:

$$
\begin{align*}
& 4 y+6=2 x \\
& x-7 y=-2 \tag{5,1}
\end{align*}
$$

Solve the following simultaneous equations using substitution:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 4 a+b=-3 \\
& a=6+2 b
\end{aligned}
$$

Solution: $(7,6)$

Solve the following simultaneous equations using elimination:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& -3 x=3(1-y) \\
& y-x=1
\end{aligned}
$$

Solution: Every point on the line $y=x+1$ is a solution

