

Graph the conic. Identify the important characteristics.

1. $(y-1)^2 = -12x$ Left Parabola

$-12 = 4p$
 $p = -3$
 vertex: $(0, 1)$
 Focus: $(-3, 1)$
 Directrix: $x = 3$

2. $\frac{(y+2)^2}{4} - \frac{(x-3)^2}{12} = 1$ vertical Hyperbola

Center: $(3, -2)$
 Vertices: $(3, 0)$, $(3, -4)$
 Asymptotes: $y + 2 = \pm \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}(x - 3)$
 Foci: $(3, 2)$, $(3, -6)$

3. $(x+2)^2 + y^2 = 13$

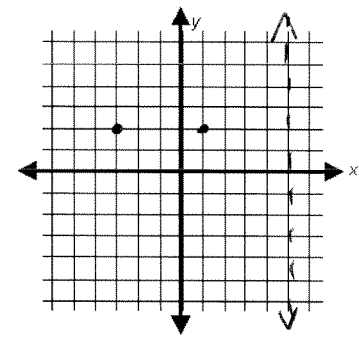
Center: $(-2, 0)$
 Radius: $\sqrt{13}$

4. $\frac{(x+1)^2}{3} + \frac{(y-2)^2}{9} = 1$

Center: $(-1, 2)$
 Vertices: $(-1, -1)$, $(-1, 5)$
 Co-vertices: $(-1 \pm \sqrt{3}, 2)$
 Foci: $(-1, 2 \pm \sqrt{6})$

5. Parabola with focus at $(-3, 2)$ and directrix at $x = 5$.

$p = -4$ $h = 1$ $k = 2$
 $(y-k)^2 = 4p(x-h)$
 $(y-2)^2 = -16(x-1)$



6. Hyperbola with vertices $(-1, 1)$ and $(5, 1)$ and foci $(-2, 1)$ and $(6, 1)$.

$$h=2 \quad k=1 \quad a=3 \quad b=? \quad c=4$$

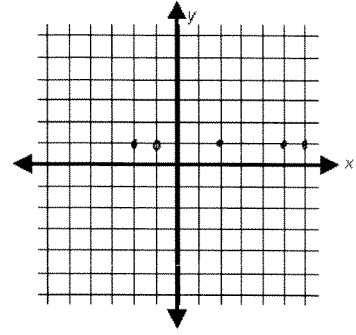
$$\frac{(x-h)^2}{a^2} - \frac{(y-k)^2}{b^2} = 1 \quad a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$9 + b^2 = 16$$

$$b^2 = 7$$

$$b = \sqrt{7}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{(x-2)^2}{9} - \frac{(y-1)^2}{7} = 1}$$



7. Ellipse with foci $(-1, -4)$, $(-1, 2)$ and minor axis of length 8.

$$h=-1 \quad k=-1 \quad a=? \quad b=4 \quad c=3$$

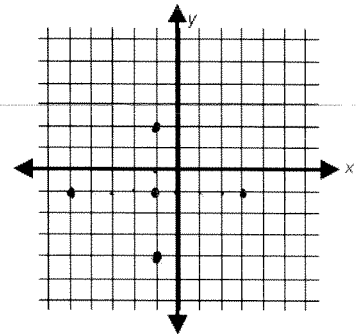
$$\frac{(x-h)^2}{b^2} + \frac{(y-k)^2}{a^2} = 1 \quad a^2 - b^2 = c^2$$

$$a^2 - 16 = 9$$

$$a^2 = 25$$

$$a = 5$$

$$\boxed{\frac{(x+1)^2}{16} + \frac{(y+1)^2}{25} = 1}$$



Identify the conic, write the equation of the conic in standard form and graph.

Hyperbola

8. $-2x^2 + 4y^2 - 4x - 16y + 78 = 0$

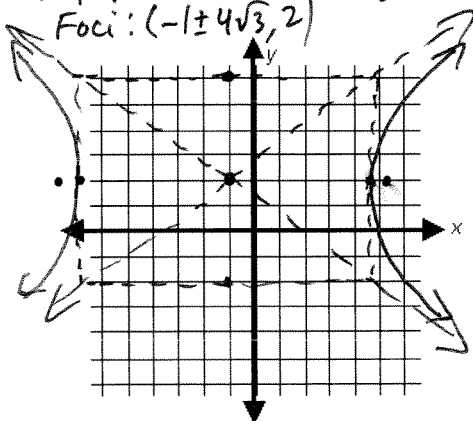
$$-2(x^2 + 2x + 1) + 4(y^2 - 4y + 4) = -78 - 2 + 16$$

$$-2(x+1)^2 + 4(y-2)^2 = -64$$

$$\boxed{\frac{(x+1)^2}{32} - \frac{(y-2)^2}{16} = 1}$$

$$c = \sqrt{48} = 4\sqrt{3}$$

center: $(-1, 2)$
 vertices: $(-1 \pm 4\sqrt{2}, 2)$
 Asymptotes: $y-2 = \pm \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}(x+1)$
 Foci: $(-1 \pm 4\sqrt{3}, 2)$



9. $3x^2 + 2y^2 - 12x - 4y - 10 = 0$ Ellipse

$$3(x^2 - 4x + 4) + 2(y^2 - 2y + 1) = 10 + 12 + 2$$

$$3(x-2)^2 + 2(y-1)^2 = 24$$

$$\boxed{\frac{(x-2)^2}{8} + \frac{(y-1)^2}{12} = 1}$$

$$c = \sqrt{4} = 2$$

center: $(2, 1)$
 vertices: $(2, 1 \pm 2\sqrt{3})$
 Co-vertices: $(2 \pm 2\sqrt{2}, 1)$
 Foci: $(2, 3), (2, -1)$

